

Children's Oncology Group

Long-Term Follow-Up Guidelines

for Survivors of Childhood, Adolescent, and Young Adult Cancers Version 3.0 – October 2008

Radiation Reference Guide

Children's Oncology Group

Long-Term Follow-Up Guidelines for Survivors of Childhood, Adolescent, and Young Adult Cancers

Version 3.0 – October 2008

RADIATION REFERENCE GUIDE

Content	Page
Instructions	2
Dose Calculation Examples	3
Radiation Fields Defined	6
Radiation Fields by Anatomic Region	7
Guideline Section Numbers by Anatomic Region	8
ТВІ	9
Skin, bones, soft tissues	10
Brain/neuroendocrine axis, cranium, face, eye, ear	11
Oral cavity	12
Neck/thyroid	13
Breast	14
Lungs	15
Heart	16
Spleen	17
Esophagus	18
Liver	19
Bowel	20
Kidneys	21
Bladder/urinary tract	22
Female reproductive system	23
Male reproductive system	24
Musculoskeletal system (growth problems, fracture)	25
Musculoskeletal system (scoliosis/kyphosis)	26

Acknowledgment:

Special thanks to Shweta Bhatia for preparing all illustrations included in this Radiation Reference Guide



Determining Applicability of Radiation Sections for Specific Patients Based on Exposure

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

- The radiation sections of the COG Long-Term Follow-Up Guidelines (Sections 38 91) are organized by anatomic region from the head downward. For specifics regarding relevant exposures to each anatomic region and radiation field, refer to the applicable pages of this Radiation Reference Guide and to the Figures in this introductory section.
- To determine specific screening guidelines by section number for an individual patient, use the "Patient-Specific Guideline Identification Tool" in Appendix I together with this Radiation Reference Guide.

RADIATION DOSE CALCULATIONS:

Some sections of the COG Long-Term Follow-Up Guidelines relevant to radiation exposure include dose specifications. These specifications indicate the minimum dose of radiation that is believed (based on available evidence and the recommendations of the expert panel) to place patients sufficiently at risk of the referenced late effect to recommend screening. For guideline sections that have a minimum specified dose, the following considerations apply in determining the applicability of the section for a patient based on his/her radiation exposure.

Sections with minimum dose specifications are applicable to a patient only if:

1. Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at \geq the specified minimum dose[†]

OR

2. Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] **plus** relevant spinal radiation[‡] **and/or** TBI, the sum of which is > the specified minimum dose[§]

[†]Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). *Exception:* If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

[‡]Use the <u>largest</u> dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section

[§]Whole lung radiation, if given, should be included in minimum dose calculations for Sections 65, 66, 67, 68, 73, and 91.

EXAMPLES:

Examples of radiation dose calculations are provided on the following pages.



RADIATION DOSE CALCULATION EXAMPLES

Example 1

Guideline section:

Section 68 (female); potential late effect = breast cancer

Minimum dose specification:

Radiation > 20 Gy

Relevant radiation fields:

Chest (thorax)

Whole lung

Mediastinal

Axilla

Mini-Mantle

Mantle

Extended Mantle

TLI

STLI

TBI

Clinical example:

Patient received the following radiation doses to these relevant fields:

Axillary: 12 GyMediastinum: 18 Gy

- TBI: 10 Gy

<u>Step</u> 1:

If radiation was given to more than one field relevant to the guideline section, select the <u>largest</u> dose received:

= 18 Gy (Mediastinum)

Sten 2

Add TBI dose, if received:

18 Gy

+ TBI <u>10 Gy</u>

28 Gv

This patient received a total dose of 28 Gy of radiation potentially impacting the breast. Therefore, Guideline Section 68 regarding screening for breast cancer, which is indicated for radiation doses \geq 20 Gy, is applicable.

Note: See Info Link in Section 68 for patients who received TBI alone, as screening may also be indicated for these patient based on clinical considerations.



Example 2

Guideline section:

Section 73; potential late effect = esophageal stricture

Minimum dose specification

Radiation \geq 30 Gy

Relevant radiation fields:

Spine (cervical, thoracic, whole)

Cervical (neck)

Supraclavicular

Chest (thorax)

Whole lung

Mediastinal

Mini-Mantle

Mantle

Extended mantle

Hepatic

Renal

Upper quadrant (right, left)

Spleen (partial, entire)

Paraaortic

Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left)

Whole abdomen

Inverted Y

TLI

STLI

Clinical example:

Patient received the following radiation doses:

- Chest (thorax): 25 Gy

- Hepatic: 20 Gy

Thoracic spine: 18 GyLumbar spine: 24 Gy

TD: 40.0

- TBI: 12 Gy

Step 1:

If radiation given to more than one non-spinal field, select the highest dose received:

= 25 Gy (Chest/thorax)

Step 2:

Add the <u>largest</u> relevant* spinal dose to highest non-spinal dose:

Thoracic spine = 18 Gy

+ Chest(thorax) 25 Gy

43 Gy

*Largest dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section



<u>Step 3</u>:

Add TBI dose, if received, to total:

43 Gy

+ TBI <u>12 Gy</u>

55 Gy

This patient received a total dose of 55 Gy of radiation potentially impacting the esophagus.

Therefore, Guideline Section 73 regarding screening for esophageal stricture, which is indicated for radiation doses \geq 30 Gy, is applicable.

Example 3

Guideline section:

Section 55; potential late effect = central adrenal insufficiency

Minimum dose specification:

Radiation > 40 Gy

Relevant radiation fields:

Cranial

Orbital/eye

Ear/infratemporal

Nasopharyngeal

Waldeyer's Ring

Clinical example:

Patient received 24 Gy cranial radiation at time of diagnosis. Five years later patient relapsed and was given an additional course of 24 Gy cranial radiation.

Step 1:

If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section

24 Gy (Cranial radiation at diagnosis)

+ 24 Gy (Cranial radiation at relapse)

48 Gy

Step 2:

Add TBI dose, if received:

48 Gy

+ TBI <u>0 Gy</u>

48 Gy

This patient received a total dose of 48 Gy of radiation potentially impacting the brain/neuroendocrine axis. Therefore, Guideline Section 55 regarding screening for central adrenal insufficiency, which is indicated for radiation doses \geq 40 Gy, is applicable.

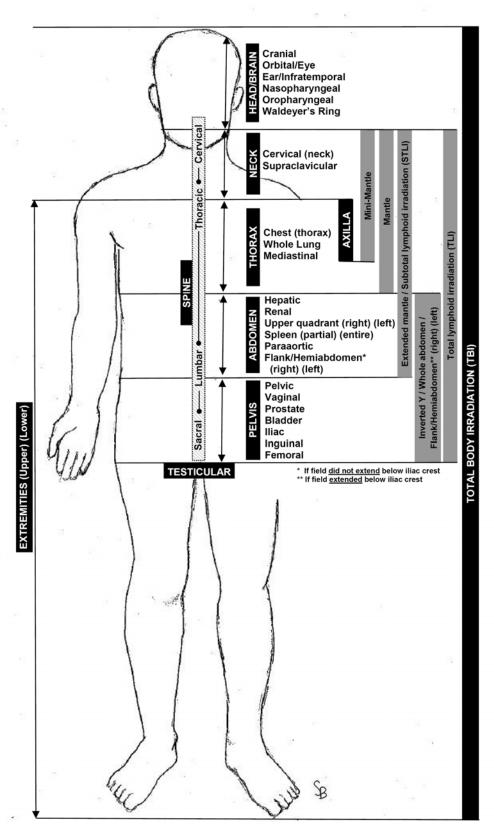


RADIATION FIELDS DEFINED

Field	Definition		
Total body irradiation (TBI)	Entire body; encompassing all radiation fields		
Cranial	Any field involving the cranium, head, brain and/or face		
Waldeyer's Ring	Nasopharyngeal and oropharyngeal (tonsils and adenoids)		
Spine – cervical	Including some or all of the cervical spine (C1 – C7)		
Spine – thoracic	Including some or all of the thoracic spine (T1 – T12)		
Spine – lumbar	Including some or all of the lumbar spine (L1 – L5)		
Spine – sacral	Including some or all of the sacral spine (S1 – S5)		
Spine – whole	Including the cervical, thoracic, lumbar and sacral spine		
Mini-mantle	Bilateral cervical (neck), supraclavicular and axillary fields (excludes mediastinal and lung)		
Mantle	Bilateral cervical (neck), supraclavicular, mediastinal, hilar, and axillary fields		
Extended mantle	Mantle and paraaortic fields		
Subtotal lymphoid (STLI)	Mantle + paraaortic + splenic		
Inverted Y	Paraaortic + pelvic +/- splenic		
Total lymphoid (TLI)	Mantle + inverted Y (paraaortic/pelvic) + splenic		
Chest (thorax)	May include any of the following: Mediastinal, hilar, whole lung, chest wall		
Mediastinal	Mediastinum and bilateral hilar fields		
Abdomen (also commonly referred to as "upper abdomen")	Top of diaphragm to iliac crests (bilaterally), including the following fields: - Hepatic - Upper quadrant (right, left) - Renal/renal bed - Paraaortic - Spleen (partial, entire) - Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left)		
Paraaortic	Paraaortic lymph nodes (generally from T10 to L4 cephalad-caudad, and the transverse processes laterally) +/- splenic		
Renal	Renal bed		
Flank/hemiabdomen	Top of diaphragm to iliac crest (unilateral; medial border along contralateral vertebral bodies) Note: Most hemiabdominal fields do not extend beyond the iliac crest; however, in some cases, depending on tumor location, the hemiabdominal field may have extended into the pelvis. If the hemiabdominal field extended below the iliac crest, exposure to pelvic fields should be considered in assessing risk for late		
Whole abdomen	Includes all abdominal and pelvic fields		
Pelvis	Iliac crest to 3 cm below ischium, including the following fields: - Pelvic - Iliac - Vaginal - Inguinal - Prostate - Femoral - Bladder		

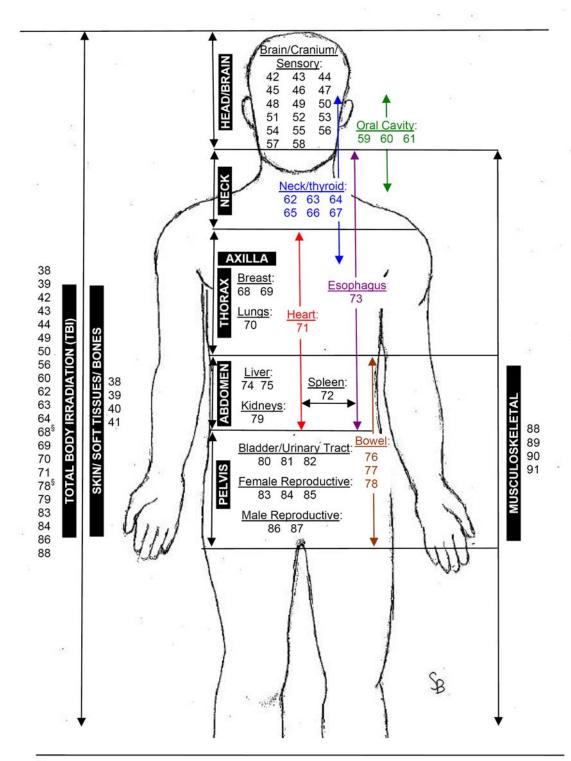


Radiation Fields by Anatomic Region





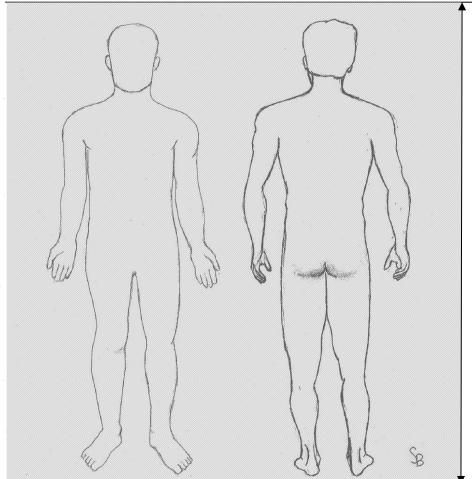
Guideline Radiation Section Numbers by Anatomic Region



[§]Screening may be indicated for patients who received TBI alone - see Info Link in indicated section Note: Oral cavity, neck/thyroid, heart, esophagus, and bowel are affected by radiation to multiple anatomic regions



TOTAL BODY IRRADIATION (TBI)



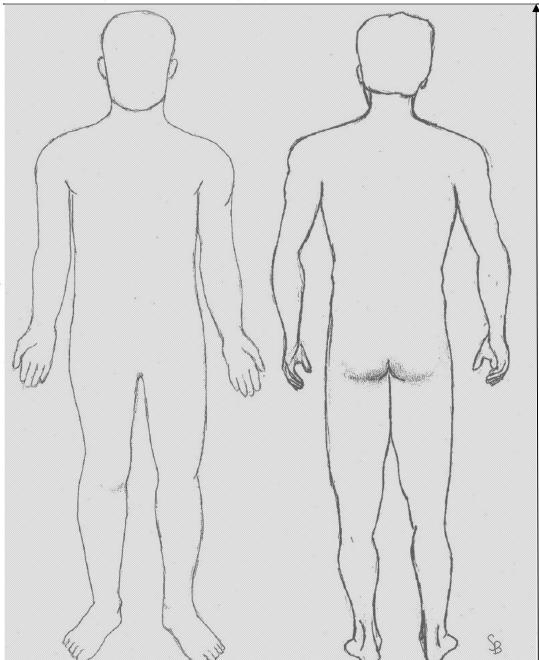
Total Body Irradiation (TBI)

	_			
Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects	
TBI	Any	38	Secondary benign or malignant neoplasms	
		39	Dysplastic nevi/skin cancer	
		42	Brain tumor	
		43	Neurocognitive deficits	
		44	Clinical leukoencephalopathy	
		49	Metabolic syndrome	
		50	Growth hormone deficiency	
		56	Cataracts	
		60	Dental abnormalities	
		62	Thyroid nodules	
		63	Thyroid cancer	
		64	Hypothryoidism	
		68 [§]	Breast cancer	
		69	Breast tissue hypoplasia	
		70	Pulmonary toxicity	
		71	Cardiac toxicity	
		78 [§]	Colorectal cancer	
		79	Renal toxicity	
		83	Uterine vascular insufficiency	
		84	Gonadal dysfunction (ovarian)	
		86	Gonadal dysfunction (testicular)	
		88	Musculoskeletal growth problems	

§Screening may be indicated for patients who received TBI alone - see Info Link in this section



RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Skin, Bones, Soft Tissues



Skin, Soft Tissues, Bones -Relevant Fields

All radiation fields:

Cranial

Orbital/Eye

Ear/Infratemporal

Nasopharyngeal

Oropharyngeal

Waldeyer's Ring

Spine (cervical, thoracic, lumbar,

sacral, whole)

Cervical (neck)

Supraclavicular

Chest (thorax)

Whole lung Mediastinal

Axilla

Mini-Mantle

Mantle

Extended mantle

Hepatic

Renal

Upper quadrant (right, left)

Spleen (partial, entire)

Paraaortic

Flank/Hemiabdomen (right, left)

Whole abdomen

Inverted Y

Pelvic

Vaginal

Prostate

Bladder Iliac

Inguinal

Femoral

Testicular

Extremity (upper, lower)

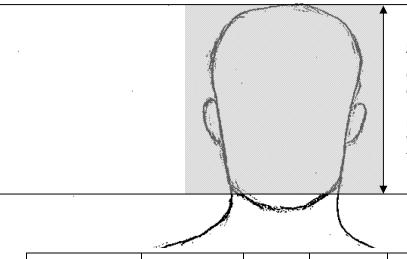
Total lymphoid irradiation (TLI)

Subtotal lymphoid irradiation (STLI) Total body irradiation (TBI)

Potential impact to	Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
Skin Bones Soft Tissues	All	Any	38, 39	Secondary benign or malignant neoplasms Dysplastic nevi Skin cancer
	All except TBI	Any	40, 41	Dermatologic changes Bone malignancies



RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Brain/Neuroendocrine Axis, Cranium, Face, Eye, Ear



<u>Brain/Cranium/Sensory –</u> Relevant Fields:

Cranial
Orbital/Eye
Ear/infratemporal
Nasopharyngeal
Waldeyer's Ring
TBI

Potential Impact To	Relevant Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
Brain Neuroendocrine axis Cranium	Cranial Orbital/eye Ear/infratemporal	Any	42, 46*, 47*, 48*, 49, 50, 51*	Brain tumor, Craniofacial abnormalities*, Chronic sinusitis*, Overweight/ obesity*, Metabolic syndrome, Growth hormone deficiency, Precocious puberty*
Face	Nasopharyngeal	≥18 Gy***	45**	Cerebrovascular complications
	Waldeyer's Ring TBI	≥40 Gy***	52,** 53,** 54,** 55**	Hyperprolactinemia, Central hypothyroidism, Gonadotropin deficiency, Central adrenal insufficiency
Brain	Cranial Ear/infratemporal TBI	Any	43, 44	Neurocognitive deficit, Clinical leukoencephalopathy
Eye	Cranial	Any	56	Cataracts
	Orbital/eye TBI	≥30 Gy***	57**	Ocular toxicity
Ear	Cranial Ear/infratemporal Nasopharyngeal Waldeyer's Ring TBI	≥30 Gy***	58**	Ototoxicity

^{*}TBI not associated with these sections





^{**}TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

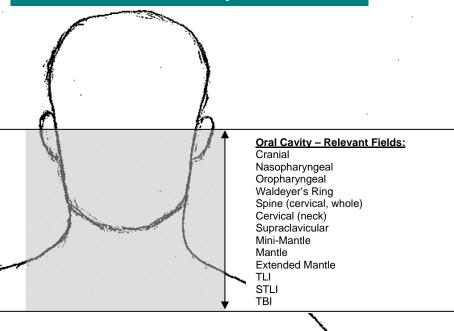
^{***}This/these section(s) applicable to patient only if:

Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]

 $[\]underline{OR}$ 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s) \underline{and} TBI, the sum of which is \geq the specified minimum dose[†]

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Oral Cavity



Potential impact to	Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
Oral cavity	Cranial Nasopharyngeal Oropharyngeal	Any	59*, 60	Xerostomia Salivary gland dysfunction Dental abnormalities
	Waldeyer's Ring Spine (cervical, whole) Cervical (neck) Supraclavicular Mini-Mantle Mantle Extended Mantle TLI STLI TBI	≥40 Gy***	61**	Osteoradionecrosis

^{*}TBI not associated with this section

OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] plus relevant spinal radiation[‡] and/or TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

[‡]Use the <u>largest</u> dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section



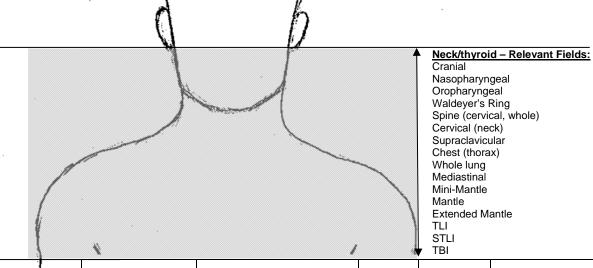


^{**}TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

^{***}This section applicable to patient only if:

Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Neck/Thyroid



Potential impact to	Fields	Dose	Section #	Potential Late Effects
Thyroid Carotid artery	Cranial Nasopharyngeal Oropharyngeal Waldeyer's Ring	Any	62, 63, 64	Thyroid nodules Thyroid cancer Hypothyroidism
Cervical (fleck)	≥40 Gy**	65*	Hyperthyroidism	
	Supraclavicular Chest (thorax) Whole lung Mediastinal Mini-Mantle Mantle Extended Mantle TLI, STLI, TBI		66*	Carotid artery disease
Subclavian artery	Spine (cervical, whole) Cervical (neck) Supraclavicular Chest (thorax) Whole lung Mediastinal Mini-Mantle Mantle Extended Mantle TLI, STLI, TBI	≥40 Gy**	67*	Subclavian artery disease

*TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] plus relevant spinal radiation[‡] and/or TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

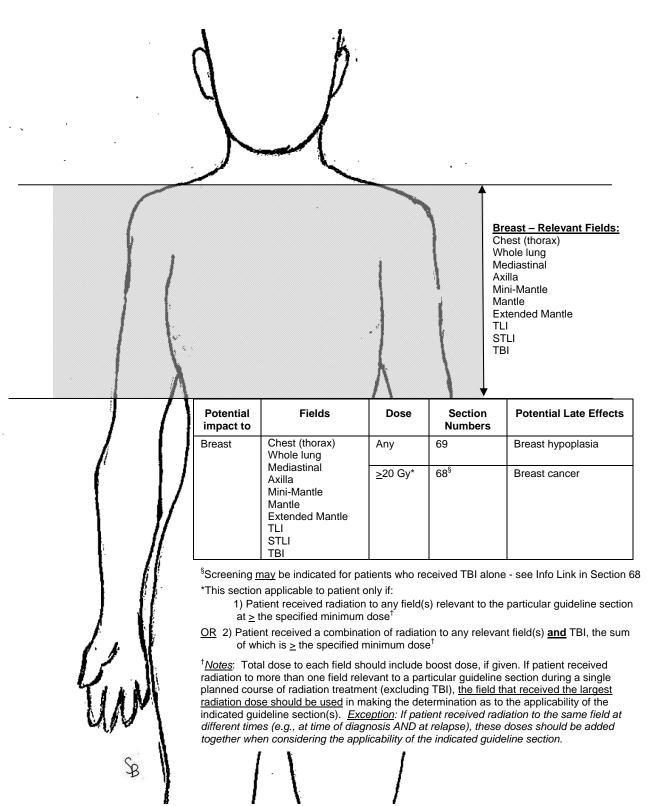
[‡]Use the <u>largest</u> dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section



^{**}This section applicable to patient only if:

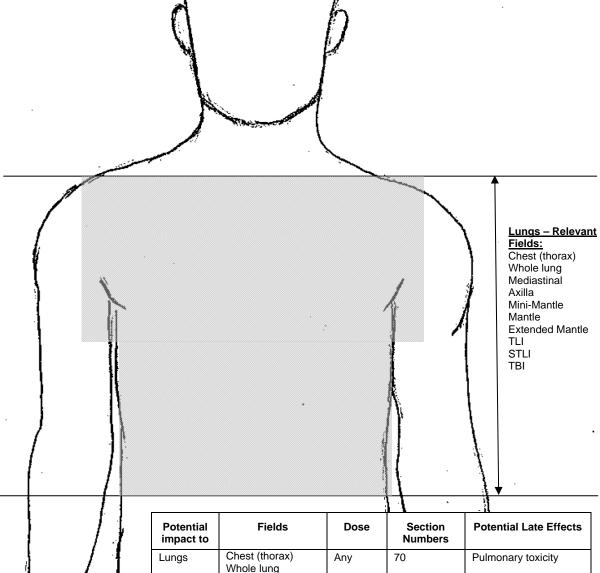
Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO THE: Breast





RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Lungs



Potential impact to	Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
Lungs	Chest (thorax) Whole lung Mediastinal Axilla Mini-Mantle Mantle Extended Mantle TLI STLI TBI	Any	70	Pulmonary toxicity



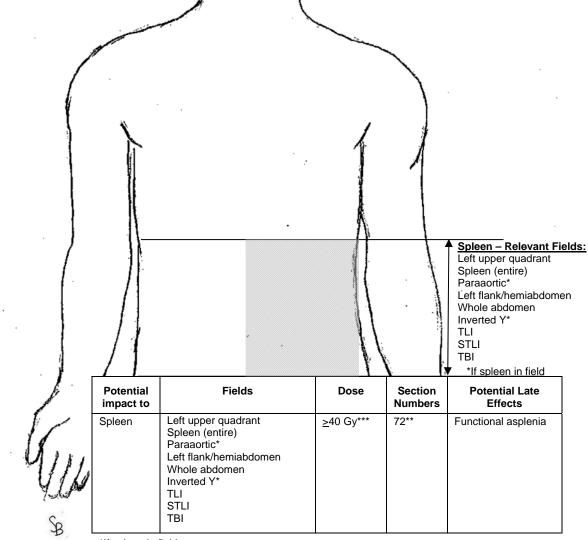
Radiation Reference Guide Page 15

Relevant Guideline Radiation Sections for Patients who Received **RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Heart** Heart - Relevant Fields: Spine (thoracic, whole) Chest (thorax) Whole lung Mediastinal Mantle **Extended Mantle** Hepatic Renal Upper quadrant (right, left) Spleen (partial, entire) Paraaortic Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left) Whole abdomen Inverted Y TLI STLI TBI **Potential Fields** Dose Section **Potential Late Effects** impact to **Numbers** Heart Spine (thoracic, whole) Any* Cardiac toxicity Chest (thorax) Whole lung Mediastinal Mantle **Extended Mantle** Hepatic Renal Upper quadrant (right, left) Spleen (partial, entire) Paraaortic Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left) Whole abdomen Inverted Y TLI STLI TBI





RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Spleen



^{*}If spleen in field

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.



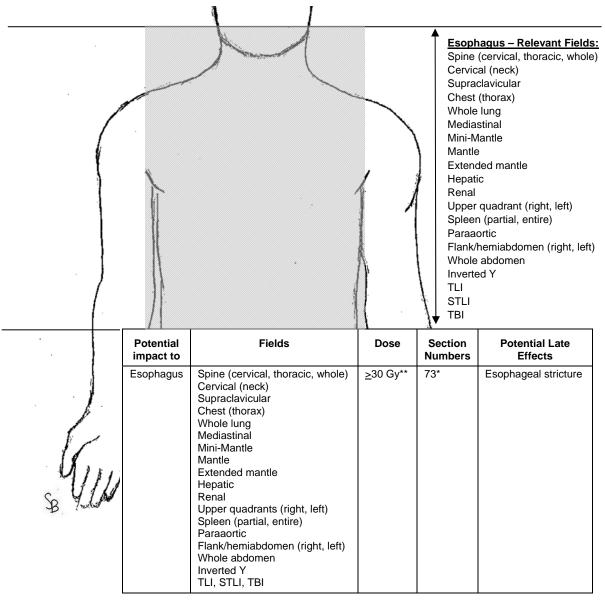
^{**}TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

^{***}This section applicable to patient only if:

Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]

OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] and TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Esophagus



^{*}TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

- Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]
- OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] <u>plus</u> relevant spinal radiation[‡] <u>and/or</u> TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

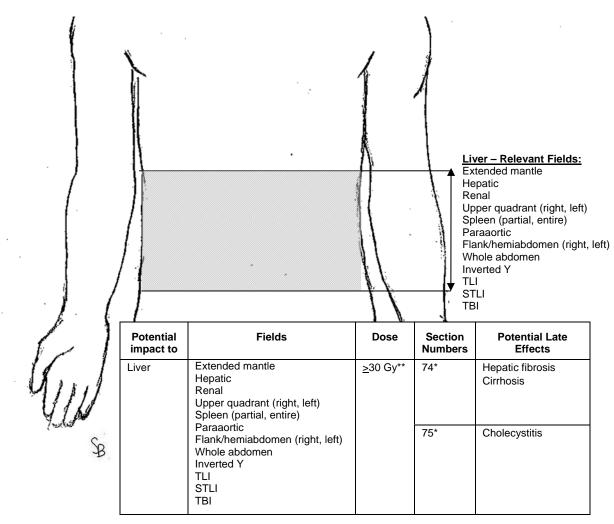
†Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

[‡]Use the <u>largest</u> dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section



^{**}This section applicable to patient only if:

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Liver



^{*}TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

- Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]
- <u>OR</u> 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] <u>and</u> TBI, the sum of which is > the specified minimum dose

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.



^{**}These sections applicable to patient only if:

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Bowel

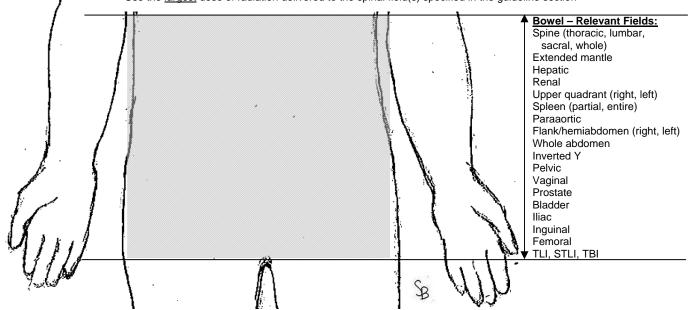
Potential Impact To	Relevant Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
Bowel	Spine (thoracic, lumbar, sacral, whole) Extended mantle	<u>></u> 30 Gy**	76*	Bowel obstruction
	Hepatic Renal Upper quadrant (right, left) Spleen (partial, entire) Paraaortic		77*	Chroninc enterocolitis Fistula Strictures
	Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left) Whole abdomen Inverted Y Pelvic Vaginal Prostate Bladder Iliac Inguinal Femoral		78 [§]	Colorectal cancer

Screening for colorectal cancer <u>may</u> be indicated for patients who received TBI alone - see Info Link in Section 78
*TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

- Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]
- OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] plus relevant spinal radiation[‡] and/or TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

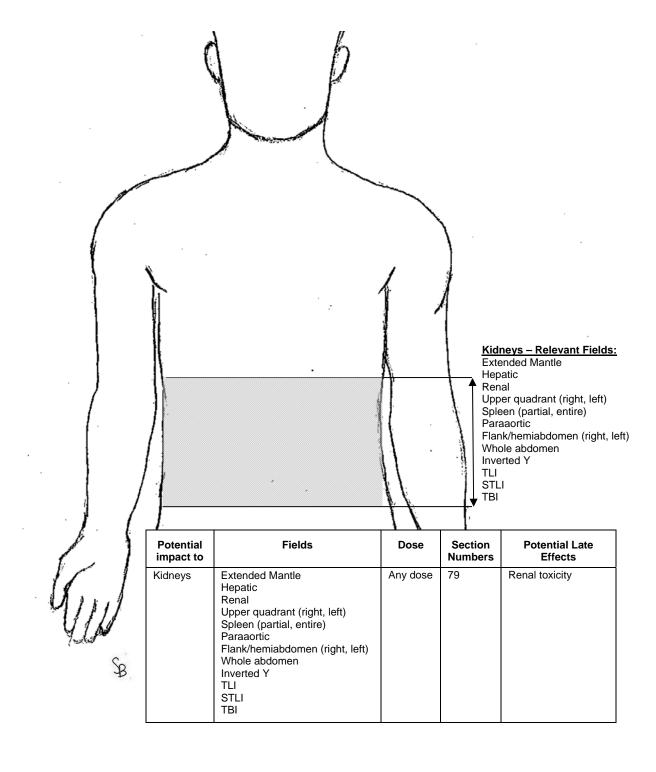
[‡]Use the <u>largest</u> dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section





^{**}This section applicable to patient only if:

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Kidneys



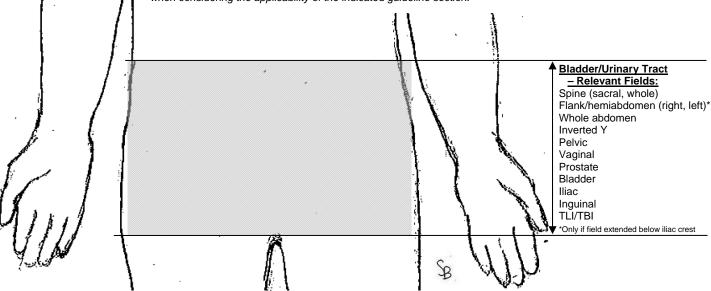


RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Bladder / Urinary Tract

Potential Impact To	Relevant Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
Bladder Urinary tract	Spine (sacral, whole) Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left)*	Any dose	82 [§]	Bladder malignancy
;	Whole abdomen Inverted Y Pelvic Vaginal Prostate Bladder Iliac Inguinal TLI TBI	≥30 Gy***	80**	Hemorrhagic cystitis
			81**	Urinary tract toxicity

[§]TBI not applicable to this section

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.





^{*}Only if field extended below iliac crest

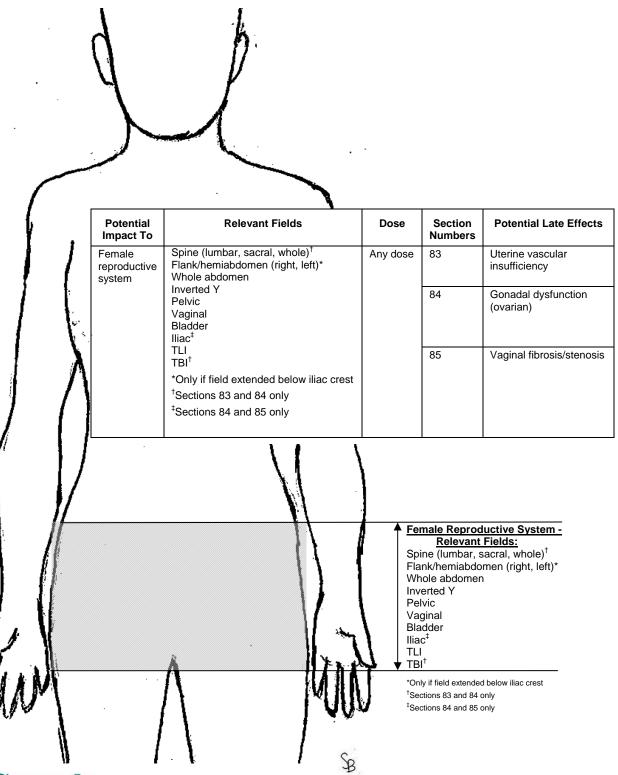
^{**}TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

^{***}This section applicable to patient only if:

Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]

OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] plus relevant spinal radiation[‡] and/or TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Female Reproductive System





RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO: Male Reproductive System

	Potential Impact To	Relevant Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
	Male reproductive system	Flank/hemiabdomen (right, left)* Whole abdomen Inverted Y	Any dose	86	Gonadal dysfunction (testicular): Germ cell failure
i ii		Pelvic Prostate Bladder Iliac Inguinal Femoral Testicular TLI TBI	≥20 Gy***	87**	Gonadal dysfunction (testicular): Leydig cell failure

*Only if field extended below iliac crest

- **TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone
- ***This section is applicable to patient only if:
 - Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]
- OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] and TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

¹Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

Male Reproductive System - Relevant Fields: Flank/hemiabdomen

Flank/hemiabdomei (right, left)* Whole abdomen Inverted Y Pelvic Prostate Bladder Iliac Inguinal Femoral

Testicular

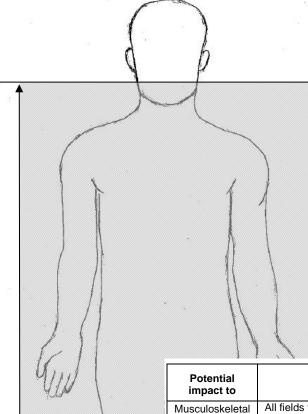
TBI

*Only if field extended below iliac crest



RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO THE:

Musculoskeletal System
(Growth Problems, Radiation-Induced Fracture)



Musculoskeletal System - Relevant Fields

All fields from neck downward

Spine (cervical, thoracic, lumbar, sacral, whole)

Cervical (neck) Supraclavicular Chest (thorax)

Whole lung Whole abdomen
Mediastinal Inverted Y
Axilla Pelvic

Axilla Pelvic
Mini-Mantle Vaginal
Mantle Prostate
Extended mantle Bladder
Hepatic Iliac
Renal Inguinal

Upper quadrant (right, left) Femoral

Spleen (partial, entire) Extremity (upper, lower)

Paraaortic TLI Flank/hemiabdomen STLI (right, left) TBI

	Potential impact to	Fields	Dose	Section Numbers	Potential Late Effects
The state of the s	Musculoskeletal system All fields from neck downward except testicul (see list above)		Any	88	Musculoskeletal growth problems
			≥40 Gy**	91*	Radiation-induced fracture

*TBI included for dose calculation purposes only; this section not applicable to patients who received TBI alone

**This section applicable to patient only if:

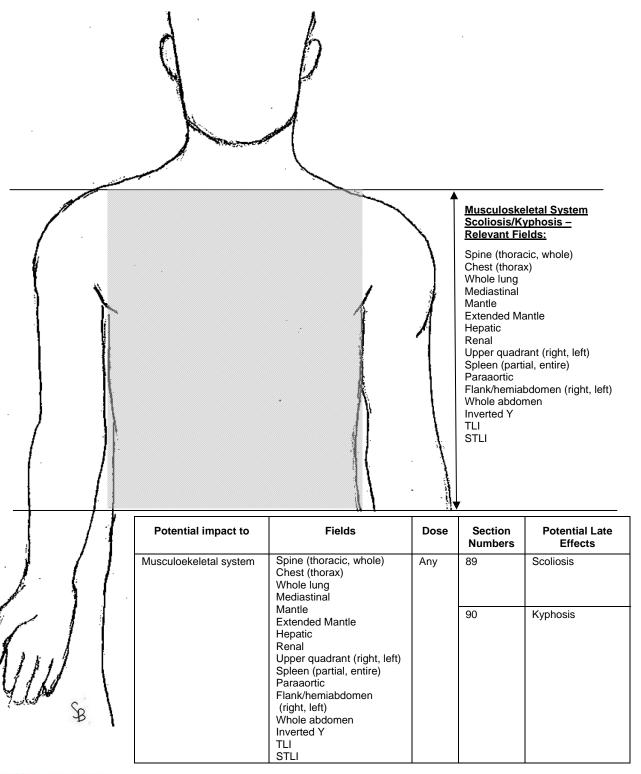
- Patient received radiation to any field(s) relevant to the particular guideline section at ≥ the specified minimum dose[†]
- OR 2) Patient received a combination of radiation to any relevant field(s)[†] <u>plus</u> relevant spinal radiation[‡] <u>and/or</u> TBI, the sum of which is ≥ the specified minimum dose

[†]Notes: Total dose to each field should include boost dose, if given. If patient received radiation to more than one field relevant to a particular guideline section during a single planned course of radiation treatment (excluding spinal radiation and TBI), the field that received the largest radiation dose should be used in making the determination as to the applicability of the indicated guideline section(s). Exception: If patient received radiation to the same field at different times (e.g., at time of diagnosis AND at relapse), these doses should be added together when considering the applicability of the indicated guideline section.

[‡]Use the <u>largest</u> dose of radiation delivered to the spinal field(s) specified in the guideline section



RADIATION WITH POTENTIAL IMPACT TO THE: Musculoskeletal System (Scoliosis/Kyphosis)





Radiation Reference Guide - Index by Radiation Field

RADIATION FIELD	SEE PAGES	POTENTIALLY RELEVANT SECTION NUMBERS
ALL RADIATION FIELDS:		
All radiation fields including TBI	9-10	Any dose: Sections 38, 39
All radiation fields except TBI	10	Any dose: Sections 40, 41
TOTAL BODY IRRADIATION (TBI):		
Total body irradiation (TBI)	9	Any dose: Sections 38, 39, 42, 43, 44, 49, 50, 56, 60, 62, 63, 64, 68F [‡] , 69F, 70, 71M/F, 78 [‡] , 79, 83F, 84F, 86M, 88 [‡] Screening <u>may</u> be indicated; refer to Info Link in this section
HEAD/BRAIN:		
Cranial	10-13	Any dose: Sections 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51M/F, 56, 59, 60, 62, 63, 64 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 45, 52M/F, 53, 54 M/F, 55, 57, 58, 61, 65, 66
Orbital/Eye	10-11	Any dose: Sections 42, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51M/F, 56 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 45, 52M/F, 53, 54M/F, 55, 57
Ear/Infratemporal	10-11	Any dose: Sections 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51M/F Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 45, 52M/F, 53, 54M/F, 55, 58
Nasopharyngeal	10-13	Any dose: Sections 42, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51M/F, 59, 60, 62, 63, 64 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 45, 52M/F, 53, 54M/F, 55, 58, 61, 65, 66
Oropharyngeal	10, 12-13	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66
Waldeyer's Ring	10-13	Any dose: Sections 42, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51M/F, 59, 60, 62, 63, 64 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 45, 52M/F, 53, 54M/F, 55, 58, 61, 65, 66
SPINE:		
Spine (cervical)	10, 12-13, 18, 25	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 73, 91
Spine (thoracic)	10, 16, 18, 20, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 71M/F, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 73, 76, 77, 78, 91
Spine (lumbar)	10, 20, 23, 25	Any dose: Sections 83F, 84F, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 76, 77, 78, 91
Spine (sacral)	10, 20, 22-23, 25	Any dose: Sections 82, 83F, 84F, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 91
Spine (whole)	10, 12-13, 16, 18, 20, 22-23, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 71M/F, 82, 83F, 84F, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 73, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 91



RADIATION FIELD	SEE PAGES	POTENTIALLY RELEVANT SECTION NUMBERS
NECK:		
Cervical (neck) Supraclavicular	10, 12-13, 18, 25	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 73, 91
Mini-Mantle	10, 12-15, 18, 25	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 68F, 73, 91
Mantle	10, 12-16, 18, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 68F, 73, 91
Extended Mantle	10, 12-16, 18-21, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 79, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 68F, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 91
Subtotal Lymphoid (STLI)	10, 12-21, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 79, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 68F, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 91
Total Lymphoid (TLI)	10, 12-26	Any dose: Sections 59, 60, 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 79, 82, 83F, 84F, 85F, 86M, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 61, 65, 66, 67, 68F, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 87M, 91
AXILLA:		
Axilla	10, 14-15, 25	Any dose: Sections 69F, 70, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 68F, 91
Mini-Mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Extended Mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Subtotal Lymphoid (STLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Total Lymphoid (TLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
THORAX:		
Chest (thorax):	10, 13-16, 18, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 65, 66, 67, 68F, 73, 91
Whole lung	10, 13-16, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 88, 89, 90
Mediastinal	10, 13-16, 18, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 62, 63, 64, 69F, 70, 71M/F, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 65, 66, 67, 68F, 73, 91
Mini-Mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Extended Mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Subtotal Lymphoid (STLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)
Total Lymphoid (TLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (above)



RADIATION FIELD	SEE PAGES	POTENTIALLY RELEVANT SECTION NUMBERS
ABDOMEN:		
Any abdominal field* *Includes: Hepatic, renal, upper quadrant (right, left), spleen (partial, entire), paraaortic, flank/hemiabdomen (right, left)	10, 16-21, 25-26	Any dose: Sections 71M/F, 79, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 72 (if spleen in field*), 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 91 *includes left upper quadrant, entire spleen, left flank/hemiabdomen, and paraaortic if spleen in field
Extended mantle	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (page 2)
Subtotal Lymphoid (STLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (page 2)
Total Lymphoid (TLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (page 2)
Inverted Y	10, 16-26	Any dose: Sections 71 M/F, 79, 82, 83F, 84F, 85F, 86M, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 72 (if spleen in field), 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 87M, 91
Whole abdomen	10, 16-26	Any dose: Sections 71M/F, 79, 82, 83F, 84F, 85F, 86M, 88, 89, 90 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 87M, 91
PELVIS:		
Any pelvic field** **lliac crest to 3 cm below ischium. Includes: Pelvic, vaginal, prostate, bladder, iliac, inguinal, femoral; Flank/hemiabdomen included only if field extended below iliac crest	10, 20, 22-25	Any dose: Sections 82 (except femoral), 83F (except iliac/inguinal/femoral), 84F (except inguinal/femoral), 85F (except inguinal/femoral), 86M, 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Sections 76, 77, 78, 80 (except femoral), 81 (except femoral), 87M, 91
Inverted Y	See "Abdomen"	See "Abdomen" (above)
Whole abdomen	See "Abdomen"	See "Abdomen" (above)
Total Lymphoid (TLI)	See "Neck"	See "Neck" (page 2)
TESTICULAR:		
Testicular	10, 24	Any dose: Section 86M Minimum dose specifications apply: Section 87M
EXTREMITIES:		
Extremity (Upper, Lower)	10, 25	Any dose: Section 88 Minimum dose specifications apply: Section 91

